



COLLATERAL



Collateral

- **Collateral:**

- Something pledged as security for repayment of a loan, to be forfeited in the event of a default.

- **When underwriting any secured loan, a lender needs to understand:**

- The underlying collateral
- Its market value
- Its liquidation value



Collateral Control

- **Gather Information**

- **Verify and Inspect**

- **Set the Value**

- **Document the File**



Types of Values

- Balance Sheet Value
- Current Market Value
- Trade-in Value
- Auction Value
- Liquidation Value (Discount Policies)
- Book Value
- Appraised Value



Set the Value

- Sources:
 - Auctions
 - Dealers
 - Newspapers
 - Industry Guides (Machinery Pete)
 - Appraisal
 - SWAG



EARNINGS ANALYSIS



Earnings Analysis

- **In a perfect world**
 - **Financial Soundness**
 - Balance sheets with cost and market values
 - **Financial Performance**
 - Accrual income statement



Earnings Analysis

- **In the real world**

- **Financial Soundness**
 - Balance Sheets at mixed market/cost values
- **Financial Performance**
 - Schedule F tax statement

How can we measure financial performance in the real world?



Earned Net Worth or Earned Equity Analysis

- **Net worth change is often your best indicator of financial performance.**
- **Two components on market value statements:**
 - Asset valuation change
 - Earned net worth change



Earned Net Worth or Earned Equity Analysis

- **If we can identify Earned Net Worth Change:**

- Can calculate accurate debt coverage measure.
- Just need two balance sheets.



Financial Statements

Balance Sheet

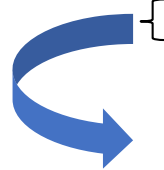
Income Statement

Statement of Owner's Equity

Statement of Cash Flows

Earned Net Worth Change – **Commercial Businesses**


Statement of Owner's Equity	
	Beginning net worth
+	Net income after taxes (income statement)
-	Owner withdrawals
=	Ending net worth

 Change in retained earnings
= Earned net worth change



Earned Net Worth Change – **Farm & Ranch Businesses**

Statement of Owner's Equity	
	Beginning net worth
+	Net farm income
+	Non-farm income
-	Family living
-	Income taxes
=	Ending net worth

 Change in retained earnings
= Earned net worth change



Earned Net Worth Change – **Farm & Ranch Businesses**

Statement of Owner's Equity	
	Beginning net worth
}	+ Net farm income
	+ Non-farm income
	- Family living
	- Income taxes
	+/- Valuation change
	= Ending net worth

Change in retained earnings
= Earned net worth change

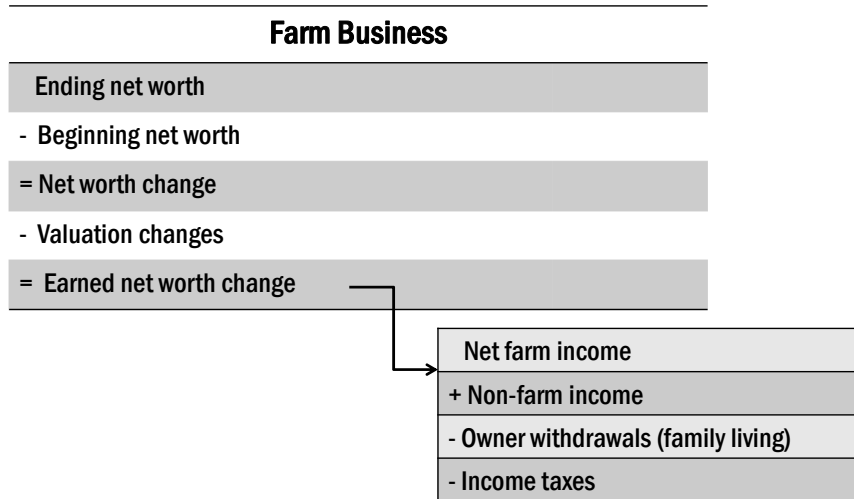


Earned Net Worth Change – **Using Market Value Statements**

Statement of Owners Equity	
	Beginning net worth
+	Earned net worth change
+/-	Valuation change
=	Ending net worth



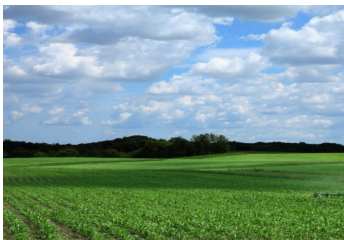
Earned Net Worth Change – Using Market Value Statements



Valuation Changes

- Identifying valuation change is the tricky part:

- Land
- Machinery & equipment
- Breeding livestock



Valuation Changes

- Land

Ending land value

- Beginning land value

= Change in Market Value



Valuation Changes

- Land

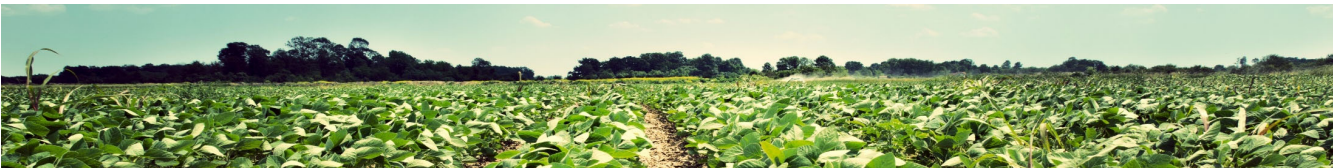
Ending land value

+ Land sales

- Land purchases

- Beginning land value

= Change in Market Value



Valuation Changes

- **Machinery and Building Valuation**

- Depreciable Assets
- How can we distinguish between depreciation and valuation change?
- Recommendation:
 - Estimate economic depreciation
 - Any change greater than economic depreciation is a valuation change



Shortcut to Economic Depreciation

Beginning value
+ Capital purchases
- Capital sales
- xx % depreciation
= Ending value

Ex: Machinery Valuation Change

Beginning value	\$230,017
Capital purchases	+ 68,579
Capital sales	- 7,365
Ending market value	= \$284,340



Ex: Machinery Valuation Change

Beginning value	\$230,017
Capital purchases	+ 68,579
Capital sales	- 7,365
Total to depreciate	= 291,231
Ending market value	= \$284,340
Depreciation reflected	(\$6,891)



Ex: Machinery Valuation Change

Beginning value	\$230,017
Capital purchases	+ 68,579
Capital sales	- 7,365
Total to depreciate	= 291,231
Depreciation (10%)	(29,123)
Depreciated ending value	=\$262,108



Ex: Machinery Valuation Change

Beginning value	\$230,017
Capital purchases	+ 68,579
Capital sales	- 7,365
Total to depreciate	= 291,231
Depreciation (10%)	(29,123)
Depreciated ending value	=\$262,108
Reported ending value	\$284,340
Change in market valuation	+\$22,232

Backed out of Net Worth Change to arrive at Earned Net Worth Change



Valuation Changes

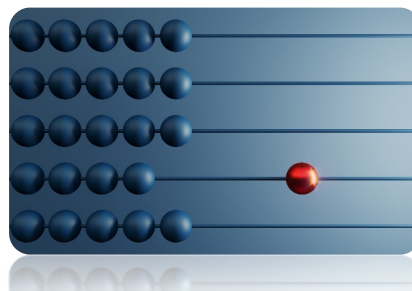
- **Identifying valuation change is the tricky part:**

- **Land**
 - Back out any land value change
- **Machinery & equipment**
 - Depreciate and back out any difference between depreciation and total change
- **Breeding livestock**
 - Back out any change related to value per head



Earned Net Worth Change – Using Market Value Statements

- **OK, we've calculated Earned Net Worth Change, now what?**
 - Benchmark – percent of beginning net worth
 - Calculate debt coverage



Quiz Time!

- What is the average annual change in earned net worth from 2019-2025 for farmers in FINBIN?
 - A. 5%
 - B. 9%
 - C. 13%
 - D. 17%



Earned Net Worth Change – **FINBIN, 2013-2019**

- Average Earned Net Worth Change **\$42,143**
- Average Non-Farm Income **\$32,606**




Earned Net Worth Change – **FINBIN, 2019-2023**

- **Average Earned Net Worth Change** **\$181,566**
- **Average Non-Farm Income** **\$41,302**



Calculating Debt Coverage



Term Debt Coverage Ratio	
	Net farm income (accrual)
	+ Non-farm income
	- Owner withdrawal (family living)
	- Income taxes
	+ Depreciation
	+ Interest on term debt
	= Capital debt repayment capacity
	÷ Scheduled term debt payments
	= Earned net worth change



Term Debt Coverage Ratio	
	Earned Net Worth Change
	+ Depreciation
	+ Interest on term debt
	= Capital debt repayment capacity
	÷ Scheduled term debt payments



Case Farm: Earned Net Worth Analysis Exercise



Change in Market Valuation/Depreciation Worksheet

	Machinery	Buildings	Land	Total
Beginning balance sheet value	<u>910,176</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Purchases	+ <u>349,869</u>	<u>22,500</u>	<u>0</u>	
Sales	- <u>44,481</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
C. Total value to depreciate	= <u>1,215,564</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Depreciation rate	* <u>10%</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>	
D. Depreciation	= <u>121,556</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
E. Ending depreciated value (C - D)	<u>1,094,008</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
F. Ending balance sheet value	<u>1,143,884</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
G. Change in market valuation (F - E)	<u>49,876</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>



Earned Net Worth Analysis

Ending net worth (mkt)			_____
Beginning net worth (mkt)	-		_____
Change in net worth (mkt)	=		_____
Change in market valuation (G)	-		_____
Inheritance, gifts, capital contributions	-	0	_____
Gifts given	+	0	_____
A. Change in earned net worth	=		_____
Change in earned net worth (A)			_____
Family living / owner withdrawals income and social security taxes	+	67,633	_____
Personal income	-	24,606	_____
Personal asset depreciation	+	(7,350)	_____
Change in personal accounts payable	+	204	_____
B. Net Farm Income	=		_____



Repayment Capacity: Term Debt Coverage Ratio

Earned net worth change (A)			_____	
Depreciation expense (D)	+		_____	
Interest on term debt	+	51,594	_____	
Capital debt repayment capacity	=		_____	
Scheduled payments on term debt	÷	121,865	_____	
Term debt coverage ratio	=		_____	----- 1.25 ----- 1.75 -----



Change in Market Valuation/Depreciation Worksheet					
		Machinery	Buildings	Land	Total
Beginning balance sheet value		230,017	423,473	311,375	
Purchases	+	68,579	0	0	
Sales	-	7,365	0	0	
C. Total value to depreciate	=	291,231	423,473	311,375	
Depreciation rate	*	10%	5%	0%	
D. Depreciation	=	29,123	21,174	0	50,297
E. Ending depreciated value (C - D)		262,108	402,299	311,375	
F. Ending balance sheet value		274,340	402,299	352,500	
G. Change in market valuation (F - E)		12,232	(0)	41,125	53,357



Repayment Capacity: Term Debt Coverage Ratio

Earned net worth change (A)		(47,192)	
Depreciation expense (D)	+	50,297	
Interest on term debt	+	36,803	
Capital debt repayment capacity	=	39,908	
Scheduled payments on term debt	+	82,026	
Term debt coverage ratio	=	0.49	----- 1.20 ----- 1.50 -----



Advanced Topics



Burn Rate / Debt Service Payment

Current assets	\$1,000,000
Current liabilities	<u>\$ 500,000</u>
Net working capital	\$ 500,000
Total revenue	\$2,000,000
Net income	\$ 200,000
Net working capital	\$ <u>500,000</u> =
Annual debt service payments	\$ 100,000
	5 year burn rate



Deferred Liabilities



- **What are they?**

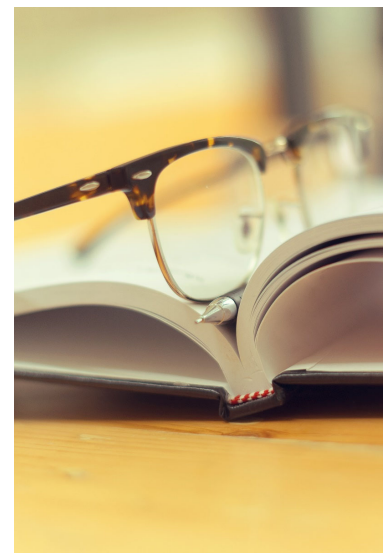
- If the business is liquidated
 - Taxes due on current inventories and capital gains
- Calculation:
 - $\text{Balance sheet value} - \text{tax basis} \times \text{tax rate}$.

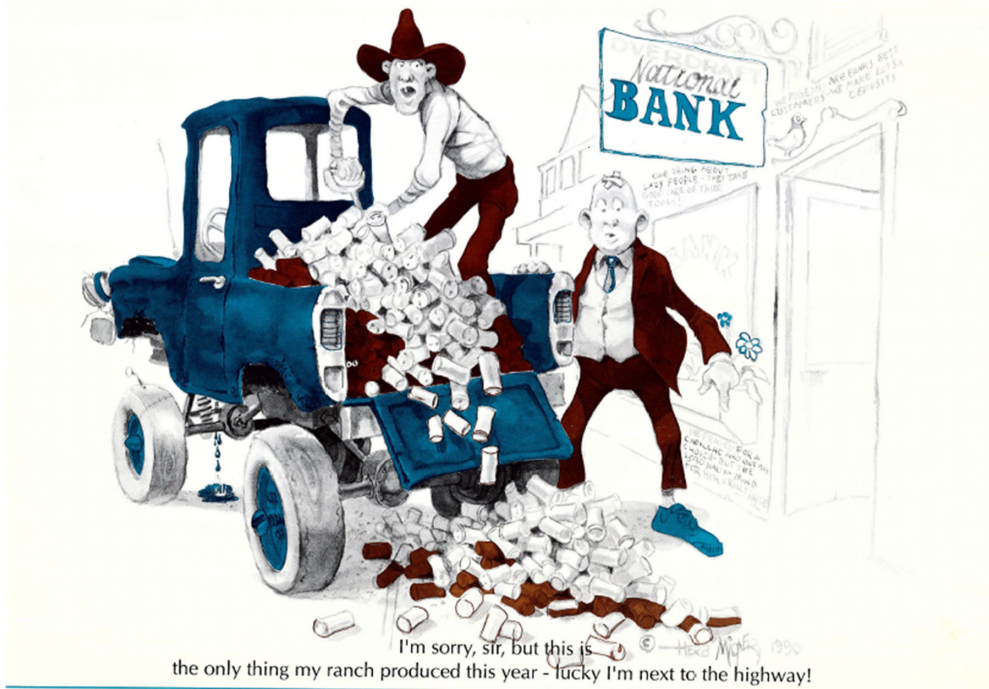
- **Discussion:**

- What is the deferred liability on farmland in this example?

Other Advanced Topics

- **Estimating family living expenses**
- **Leases**





Break

